

The Praxis Oriented Approach to Neighbourhoods and Meetings:
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I. CIEFL praxis

When the campus is divided into aspects, one aspect is called non-principal and fuses into a conduct of popular will, which then is mediated by praxis, and its development of another aspect, or a number of organic aspects forming a whole – at one level the investments of finance, at another level Sirohi's chosen activity, at another level 5 years of alienation which then transforms to a campaign and line implementation which succeeded because of spontaneity towards the logic of a neighbourhood and its tactical premise to be spontaneous. (Stikhinost, by Trotsky)

II. Sarita Vihar

The practical aspect is then dominant in the act of contradiction, which then creates in an organic whole develops into a line practice and a dictat on phone with a phone praxis, all of which then means it produces a active movement by plans on Deterior, which then criticizes reification by constant permanent organizer.

III. Sets of class action and univocal practice

Therefore class action is extracted as organic action and involves a univocal praxis of line by line progress till the set is formed of class – the formation of class is nothing other than the formation of a class group, or even mediated third party reciprocity which makes us all shift to reciprocity as developing the dynamic of these contradictions.

_____ Class formation _____ Group formation _____ Reciprocity - all mediated when fused as now, and the outcome or result - the problems of life remain - which means this is actually the behavior of people which leads to a shift in perspective - it is developed by praxis that one wills to meet and is a reciprocal cohesion of a group and its individual wills all organised into a making.